**NAME: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

Use the Readings provided to sort the following events to create a timeline of Hitler’s Rise to Power.

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Germany joins League of Nations | France invades the Ruhr Region | Fredrich Ebert becomes President of Germany | Spartacist Revolts in Berlin |
| Bread costs $201 million (extreme inflation) | Stock Market Crash (USA) | Kapp Putsch | Germany (Ebert) signs the Treaty of Versailles |
| Treaty of Rapallo | Stresemann’s Reichsmark | Dawes Plan | WW1 ends with Germany’s Surrender |
| Locarno Treaties | Weimar Republic  (gov. forms in Weimar due to revolts in Berlin) | Print $ to make Reparations Payment |  |

**1919 – 1934: Hitler’s Rise to Power in Germany**

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| --- | --- | --- |
| **DATE / EVENT** | **Details/ Notes** | **Significance**   * **to Hitler Gaining Power when he did** |
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| **DATE / EVENT** | **Details/ Notes** | **Significance**   * **Hitler Gaining Power** * **loss of Democracy** |
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| **DATE / EVENT** | **Details/ Notes** | **Significance**   * **Hitler Gaining Power** * **loss of Democracy** |
|  |  |  |
| 1930: September Elections in Germany |  |  |
| 1932: March Election for President |  |  |
| 1932: July Parliamentary elections |  |  |
| 1933:  President Hindenburg appoints Hitler as Chancellor of Germany |  |  |
| Feb. 1933  Reichstag Fire | * arson attack on Parliament buildings–is an act of terrorism | * people want the government to provide stability and control * FEAR |
| March 1933  Enabling Act | * Germany declared to be in a state of emergency * law suspends the Constitution and ends parliament; Hitler rules by decree | * Hitler has full power (as long as he “emergency” remains) * Hitler has people’s support for greater control |
| June 1934: Hindenburg Dies | * President of Germany dies- Hindenburg (WW1 General and Hero) had always been more popular with the people than Hitler | * Hitler has no one to oppose him in Government |
| Aug. 1934:  “Night of the Long Knives” | * uses Gestapo/ SS to assassinate or imprison all political opponents/ those not loyal to Hitler |  |