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| **Pre 1400**300-450 languages are spoken by Indigenous peoples  | **1627**Creation of “New France” (all indigenous people that convert to Catholicism must speak French by law) |
| **1763**“Treaty of Paris” ends the Seven Years War | **1774**“Quebec Act” is passed |
| **1867**Creation of the Dominion of Canada: BNA act allows English and French in Parliament | **1884**First Residential School for First Nations Children opens |
| **1890**Manitoba Schools Question | **1763**“Treaty of Paris” ends the Seven Years War |
| **1918**“Civil Service Act” - Federal public service employees require English | **1950-60**Quiet Revolution in Quebec |
| **1963**Royal Commission on Bilingualism and Biculturalism | **1969**Official Languages Act |
| **1970**October Crisis – FLQ crisis | **1971**National Multiculturalism Policy |

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| **1977**Quebec Premier Rene Levesque passes Bill 101(French only in products/ ads/ education) | **1980**Referendum: Quebec votes to separate from Canada (fails – 60% stay, 40% leave) |
| **1982**Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms | **1990**Failure of Meech Lake Accord |
| **1995**Referendum: Quebec votes again to separate (fails – 50.4% stay, 49.6% leave) | **2008**Stephen Harper apologizes for Residential Schools (recognition of long-term impact on culture and language) |
| **2016**Canada ratifies/ supports “UN Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples”(this includes a right to language) | **2019**Indigenous Language Act(passes June 21) |